METHANOL INSTITUTE

Singapore | Washington | Brussels | Beijing | Delhi

Methanol on the Water

Gregory Dolan, CEO

October 2022



MI History



- The Methanol Institute (MI) was established in 1989
- More than three decades later, MI is recognized as the trade association for the global methanol industry
- We facilitate methanol's increased adoption from our Singapore headquarters and regional offices in Washington DC, Brussels, Beijing and Delhi









Members



























































CONTROLROOMS.AI







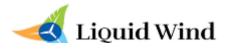


















Carbon Neutral Consulting









































danans

TRICON

GIDARN.

Stena Bulk

EVOS







Element 1



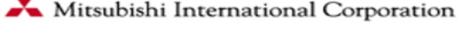


































ABEL

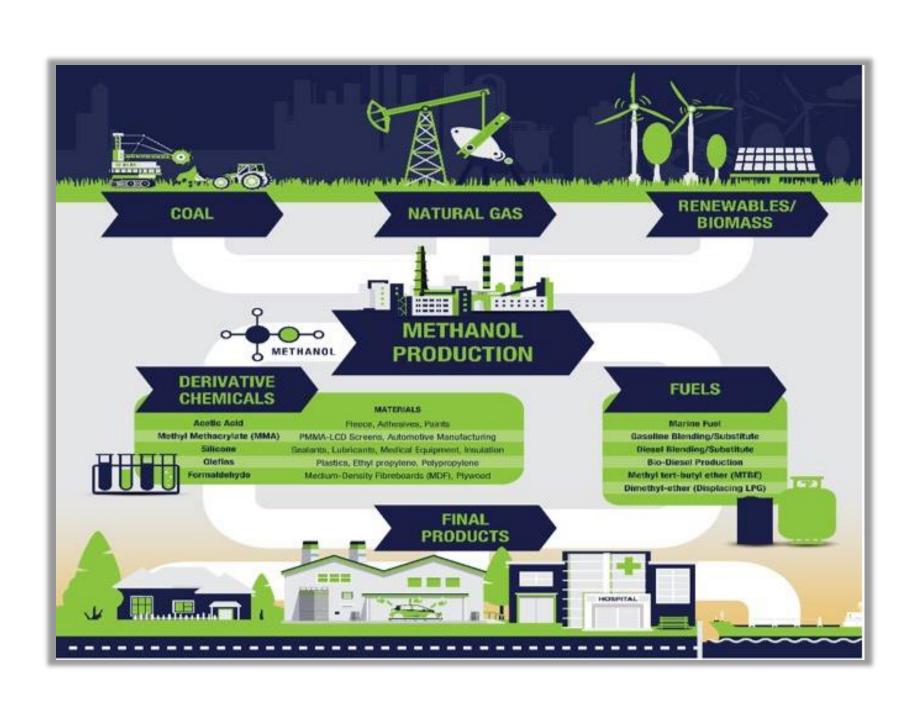
GANE ENERGY

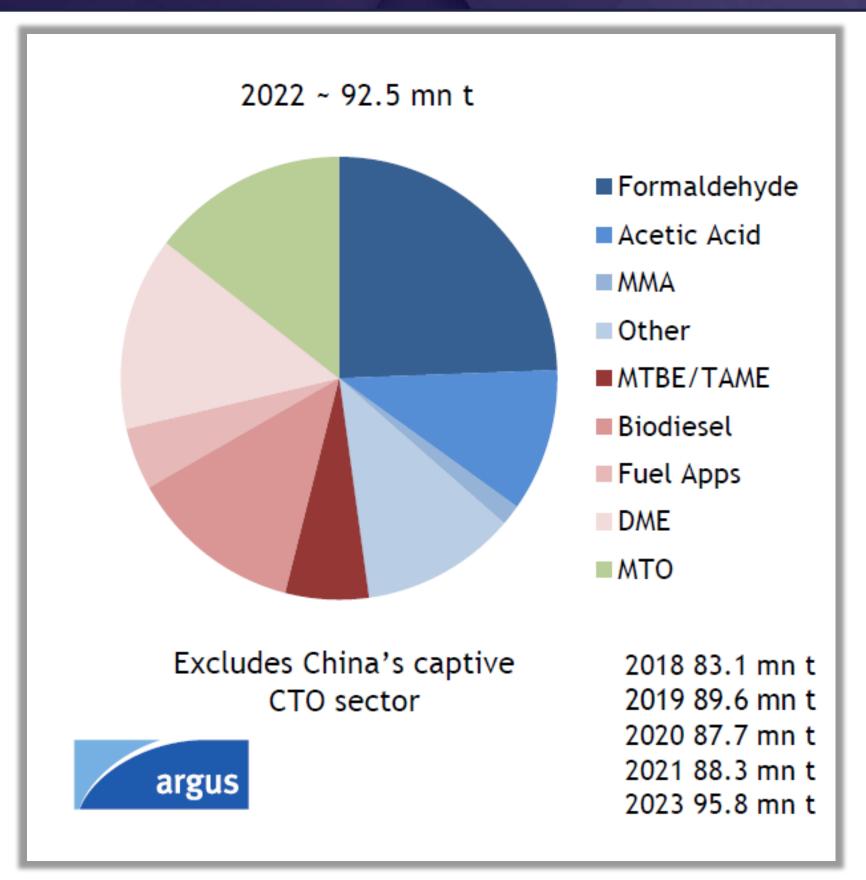




Essential Methanol







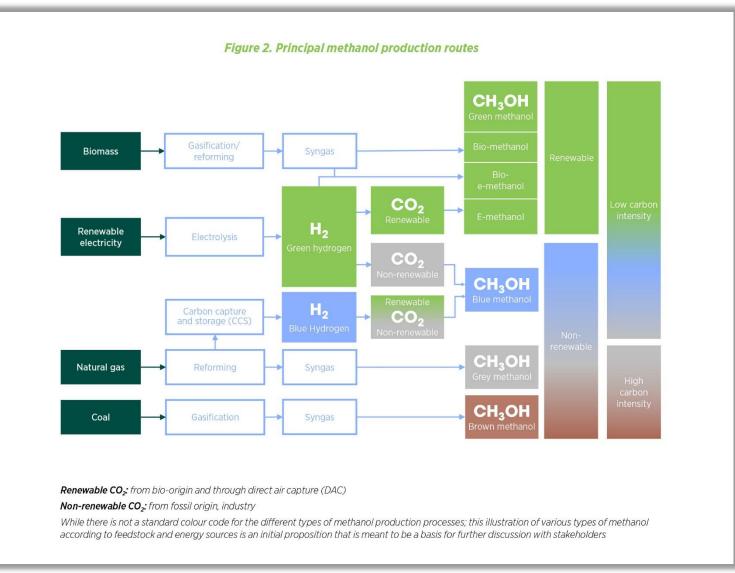






Low Carbon and Net Carbon-Neutral







E-Methanol

- Feedstocks: green hydrogen and captured CO₂
 - Green hydrogen produced from the electrolysis of water with renewable energy (e.g. solar, wind, geothermal etc.)
 - CO₂ from industrial flue gas (e.g. steel, cement, ethanol), biogenic sources, or direct air capture
- E-methanol is a very-low to net carbon-neutral fuel

Bio-methanol

- Feedstocks: Municipal Solid Waste (MSW), Agricultural Waste, Black Liquor, Bio-Methane from wastewater treatment, landfills, or animal husbandry
- Feedstocks can be gasified or anaerobically digested to produce syngas used in methanol production
- Avoided emissions from landfills, incinerators, or dairy farms potentially allow bio-methanol to be a net carbon-negative fuel

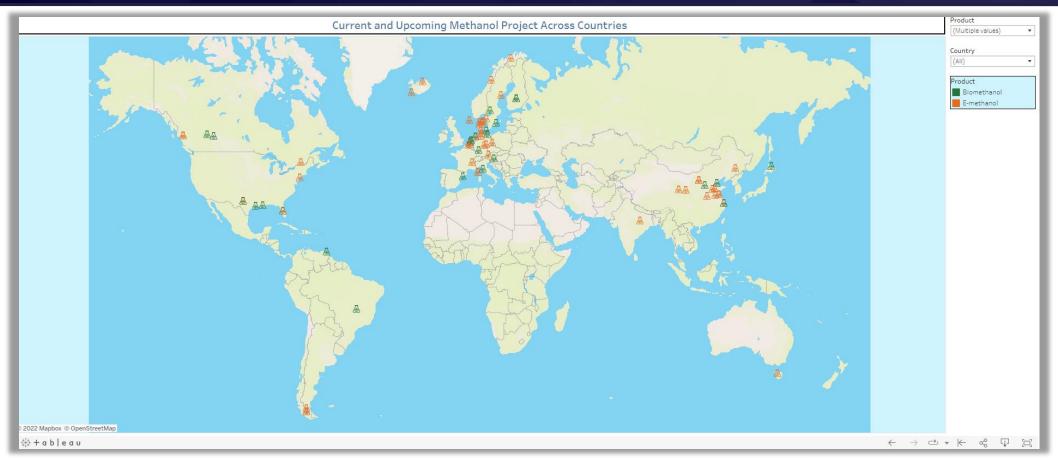


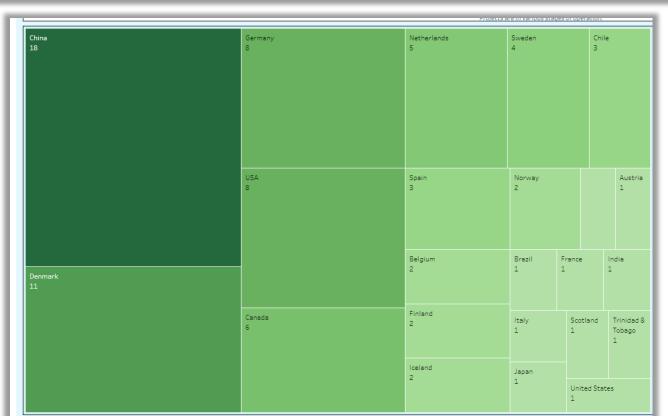


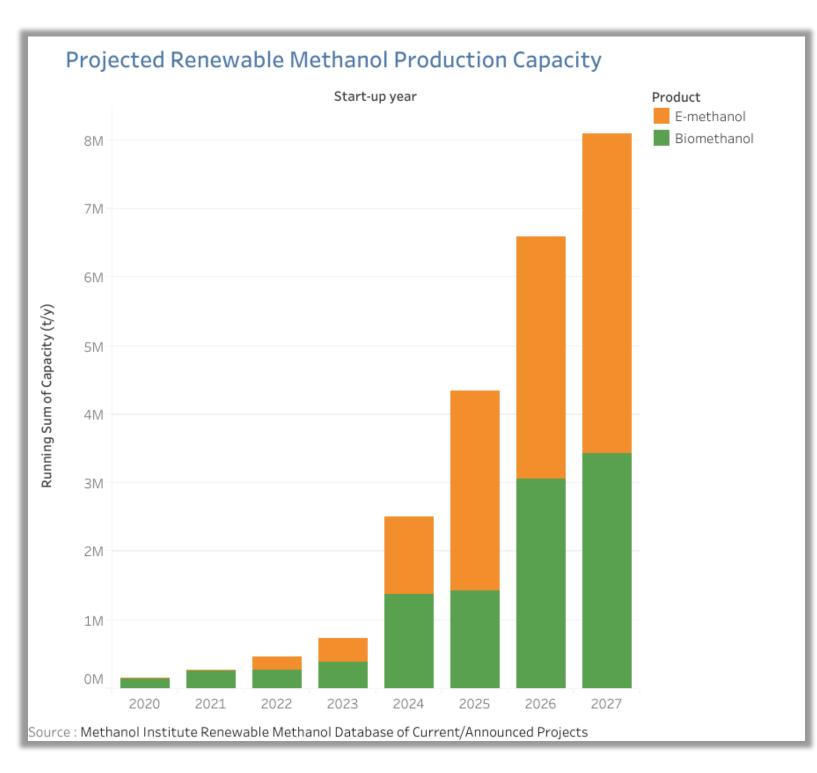


Renewable Methanol Database









www.methanol.org/renewable/







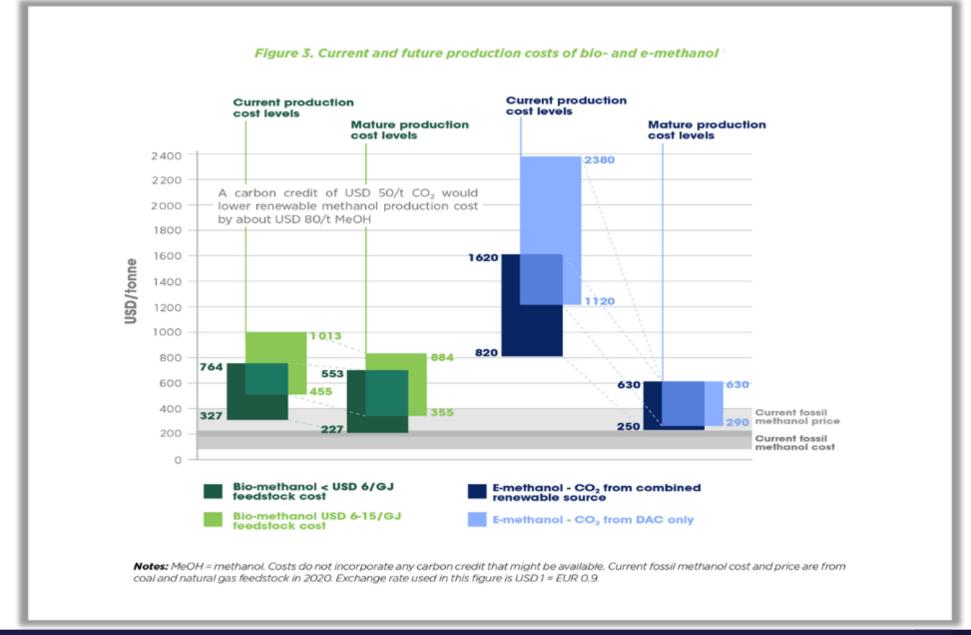


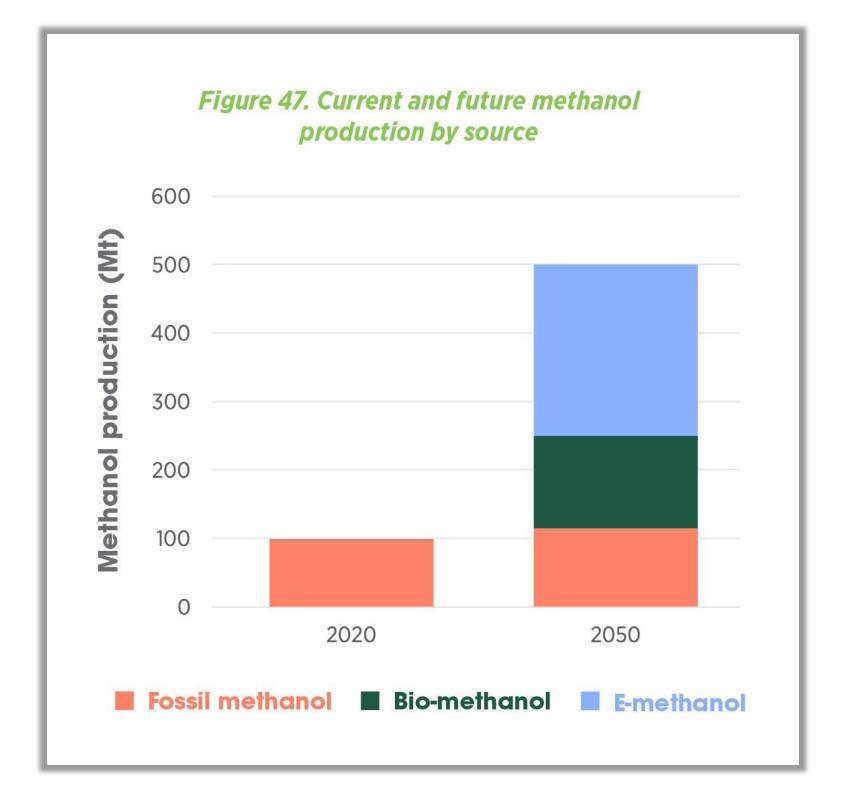
Innovation Outlook:Renewable Methanol





www.methanol.org/renewable/











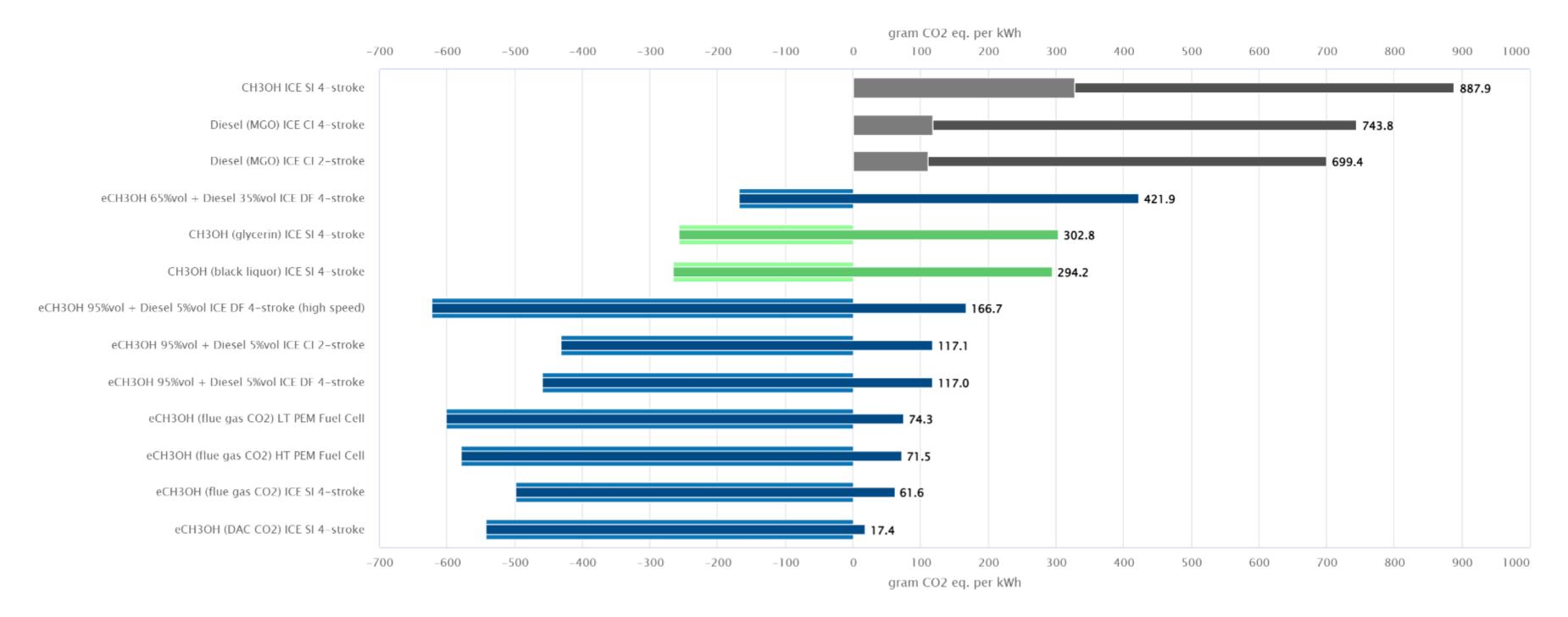


Significant CO2 Reduction Potential



GWP 20 – WTW (WWT+TTW)

Emissions (Global warming potentials) for stacks



https://sustainablepower.application.marin.nl/well-to-wake



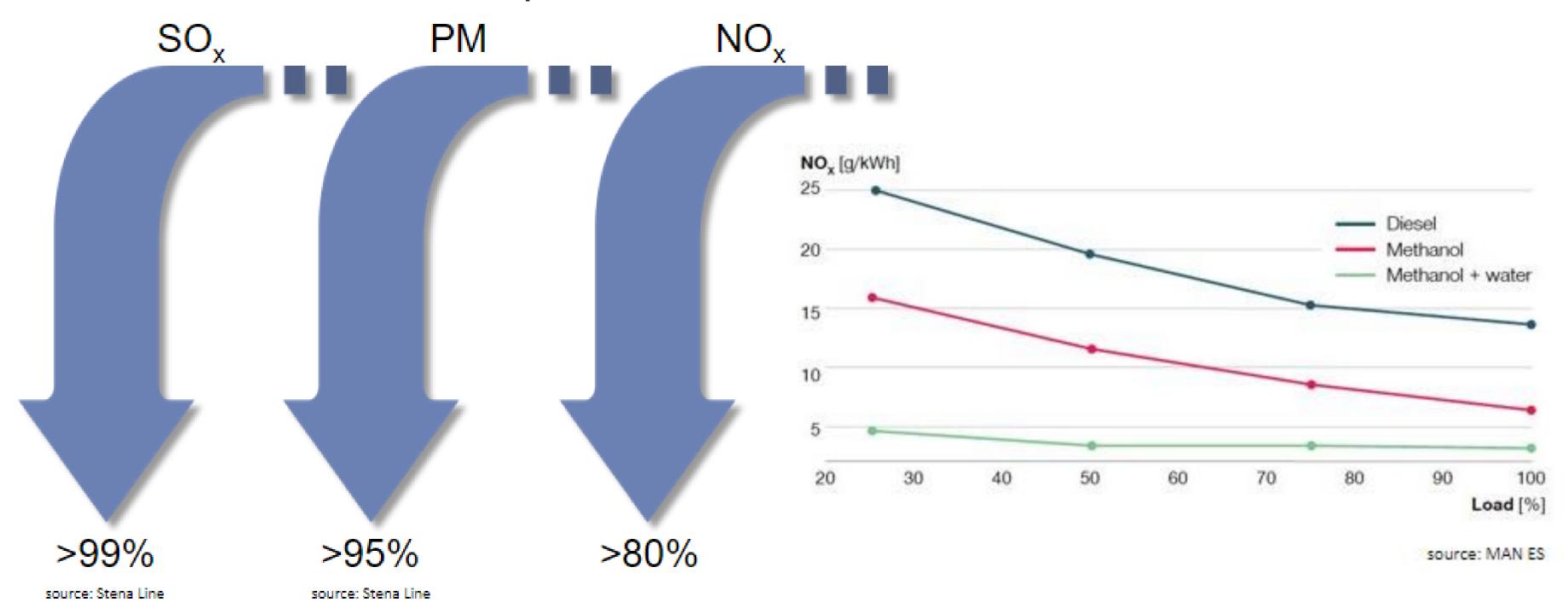




Improving Local Air Quality



Emission reduction potential:



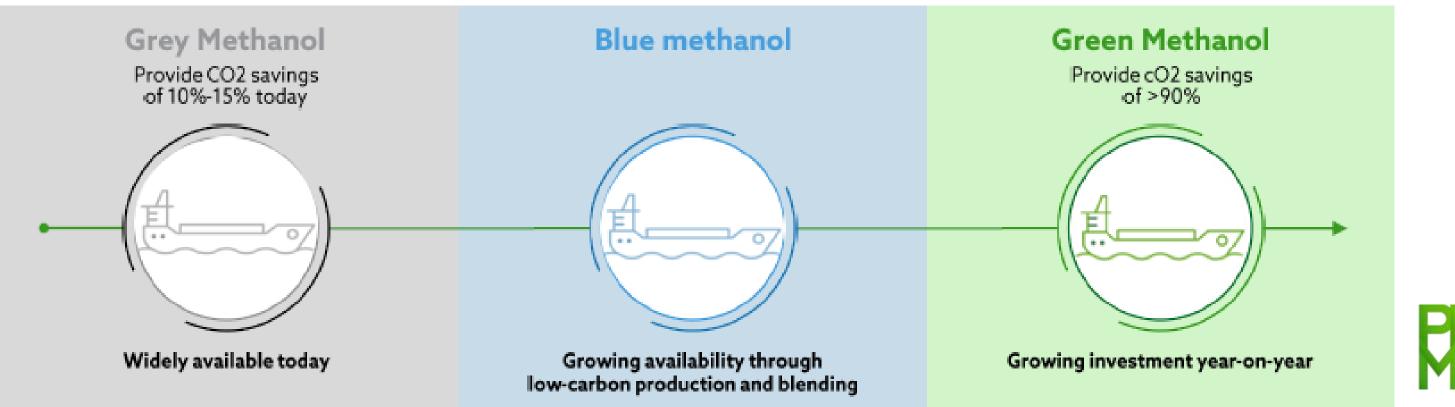




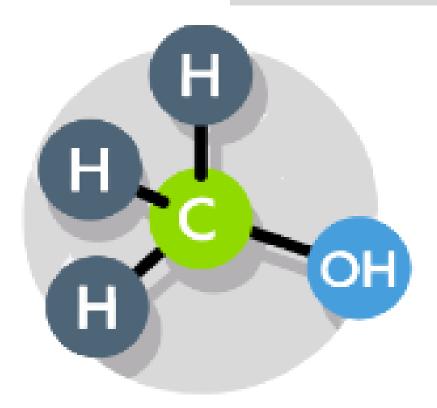


The Methanol Molecule









- Methanol molecule is the same energy and chemical characteristics no matter how it is produced
- Completely fungible from grey to blue to green facilitating blending with reduced carbon intensity as low carbon and net carbon-neutral supply grows
- Methanol runs well in existing engines with few modifications and significantly lower CAPEX when compared with other available alternative fuels







Marine





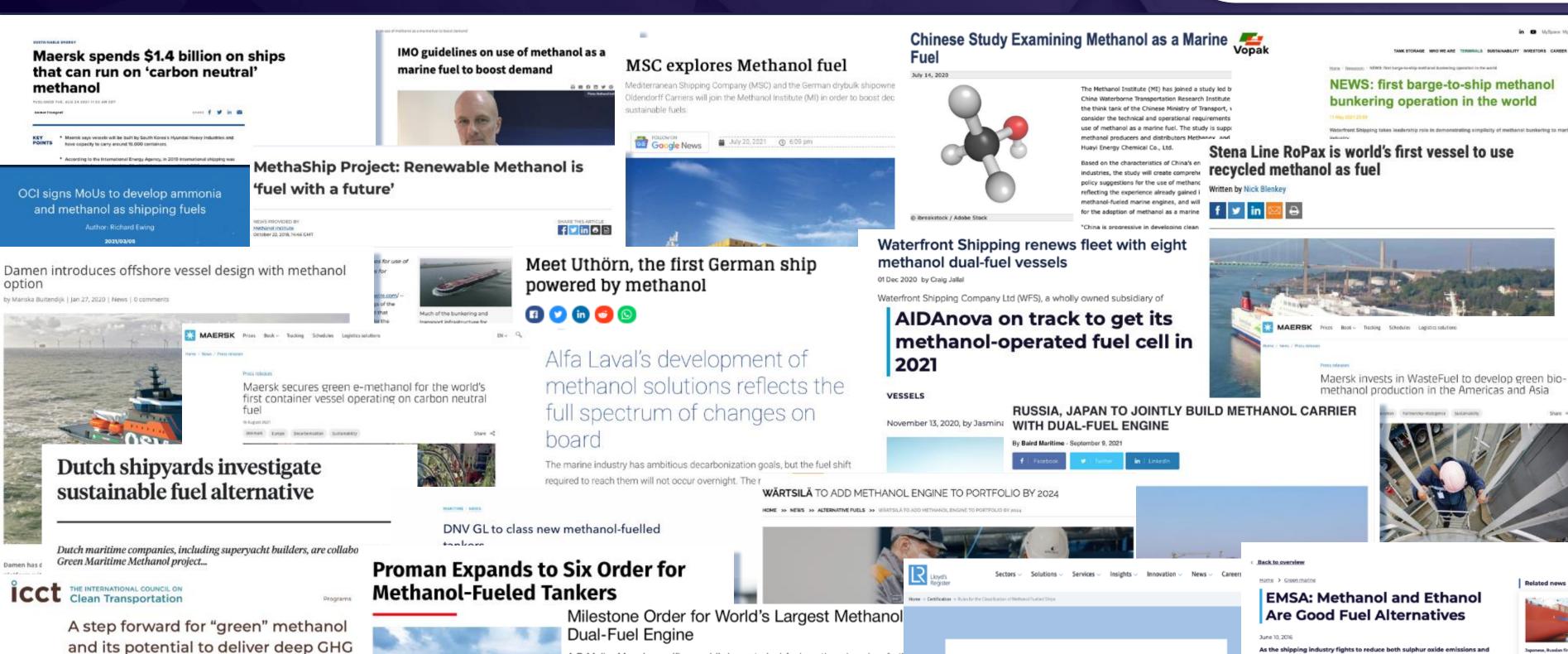






Methanol Making Headlines





A.P. Møller-Mærsk specifies world's largest, dual-fuel, methanol engine, furth

empowering methanol as marine fuel within large-container-vessel segment

łyundai's Ship-Building Division, HHI-SBD, has ordered 8 × MAN B&W 8G95ME-LGIM (-Liquid Gas Injecti

Methanol) engines in connection with the building of 8 × 16,000-teu container ships for A.P. Møller - Ma

Rules for the Classification

of Methanol Fuelled Ships.



As the shipping industry fights to reduce both sulphur oxide emissions ar

The use of alternative fuels in the shipping industry has been receiving increasing

reduced emissions of sulphur oxides. As methanol and ethanol are sulphur-free

carbon footprint, methanol and ethanol have been identified as

published by the European Maritime Safety Agency (EMSA).

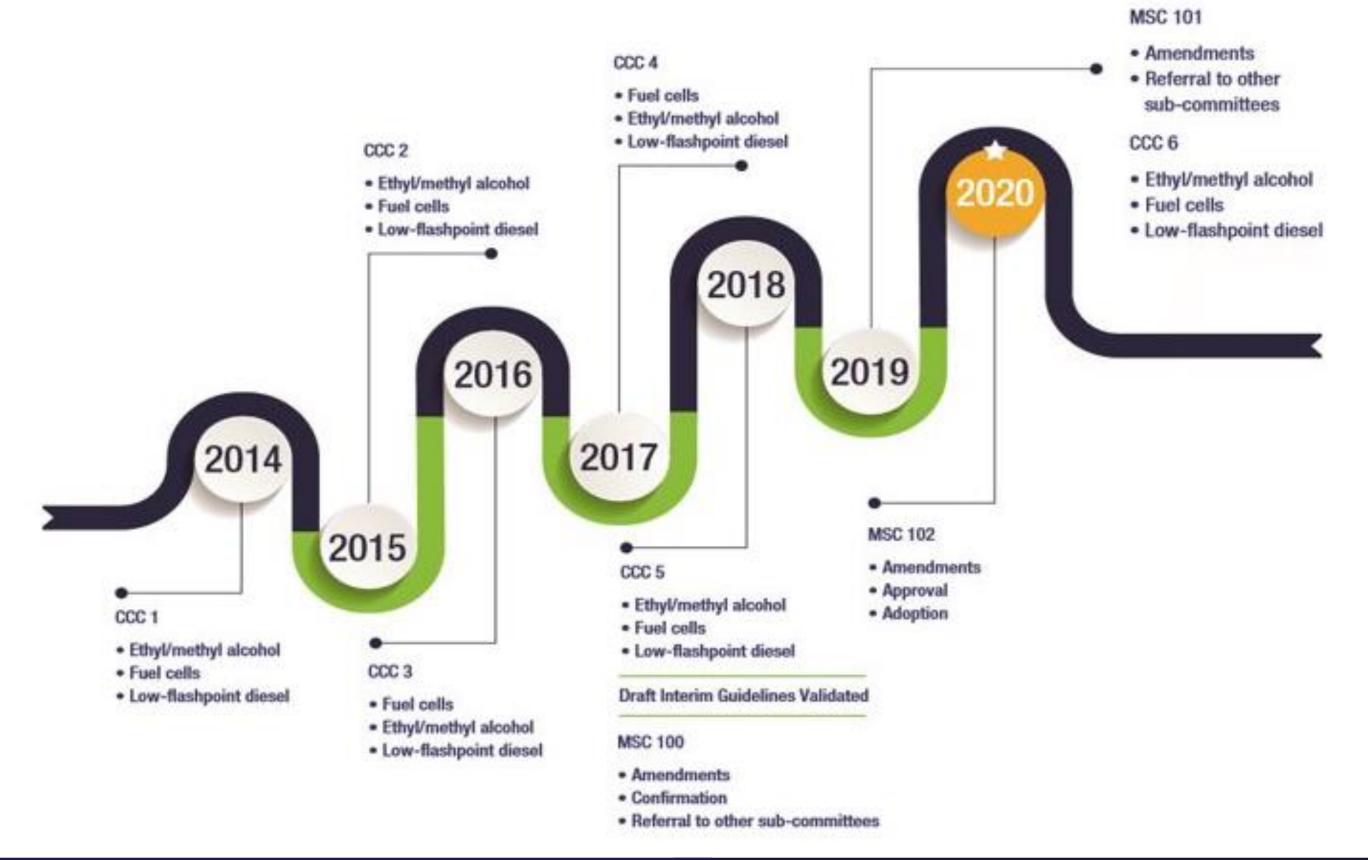




reductions in maritime shipping

Game Changer 1: IMO IGF Code





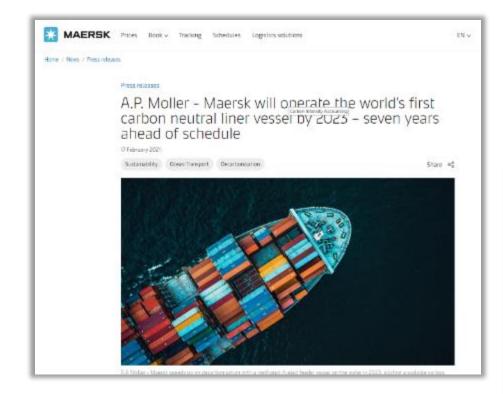






Game Changer 2: Maersk Vessel Orders





"The reason that we have gone for methanol on the first one is that it is the most mature from the technology perspective; we can get an engine that can burn it." Morten Bo Christiansen, head of decarbonization at Maersk



"That means that if we end up finding exactly the right solution then there will be a big retrofit opportunity for us." Maersk CEO Soren Skou speaking during Maersk's on 10 February earnings call

- 21 Feb 2021: Maersk announces that the world's first carbon neutral container vessel by 2023 will operate on dual-fuel methanol
- Maersk has now ordered 2,100 TEU methanol duelfueled feeder vessels from Korean shipyard
- 24 Aug 2021: "Maersk accelerates fleet decarbonization with 8 large ocean-going vessels to operate on carbon neutral methanol"
- More than half of Maersk's 200 largest customers have carbon targets for their supply chains
- 16,000 container (Twenty Foot Equivalent TEU) vessels
- Delivery in 2024, approved option for 4 additional vessels in 2025
- \$1.4 billion order each vessel \$175 million 10-15% more expensive
- Each ship will require 35,000-40,000 tons of methanol annually or a total of 500,00 tons of methanol











Game Changer 2.1: Maersk Methanol Supply



Strategic Partners	Type of fuel	Production Capacity in 2024 (end of year) tonnes/year	Production Capacity in 2025 (end of year) tonnes/year	Production capacity added after 2025 tonnes/year	Geography
CIMC ENRIC	bio- methanol	50,000	-	200,000	China
Debo	bio- methanol	200.000	-	-	-
European Energy	e- methanol	-	2-300,000	-	North & South America
GTB	bio- methanol	50,000	-	300,000	China
Orsted	e- methanol	-	300,000	-	North America
Proman	bio & e- methanol	-	100,000	-	North America
WasteFuel	bio- methanol	30,000	-	-	South America
TOTAL	_	330,000	6-700,000	500,000	_

https://www.maersk.com/news/articles/2022/08/19/maersk-engages-in-green-bio-methanol-partnership-with-debo

- 10 March 2022: Maersk announces strategic partnerships with six leading companies -- including MI members Proman and Wastefuel -- with the intent of sourcing at least 730,000 tons/year of green methanol by end of 2025
- Maersk estimates will need 6 million tons of renewable methanol by 2030 to fuel 25% of their 700-vessel fleet





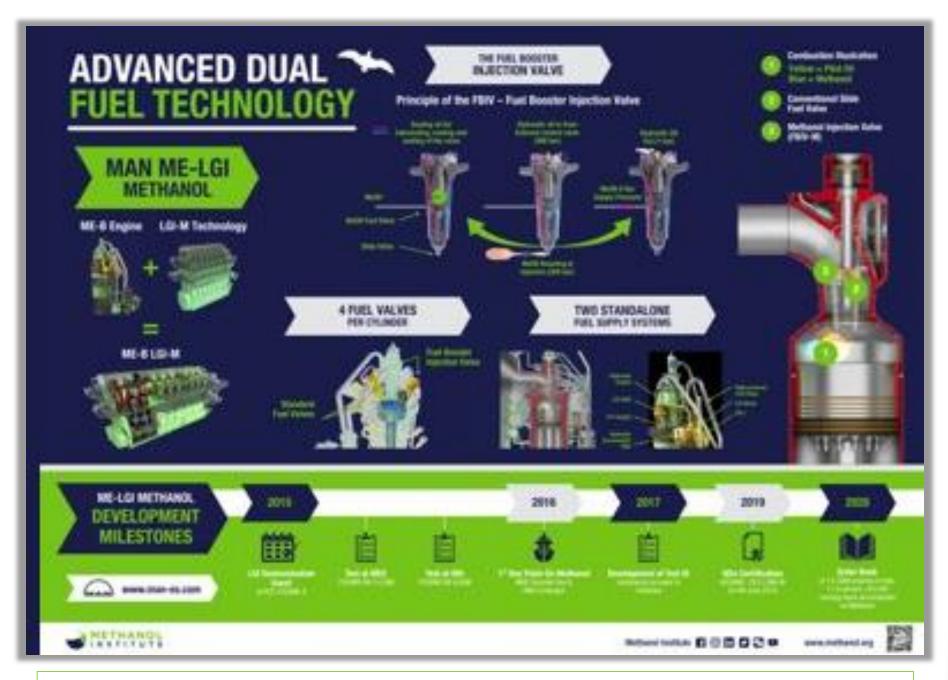




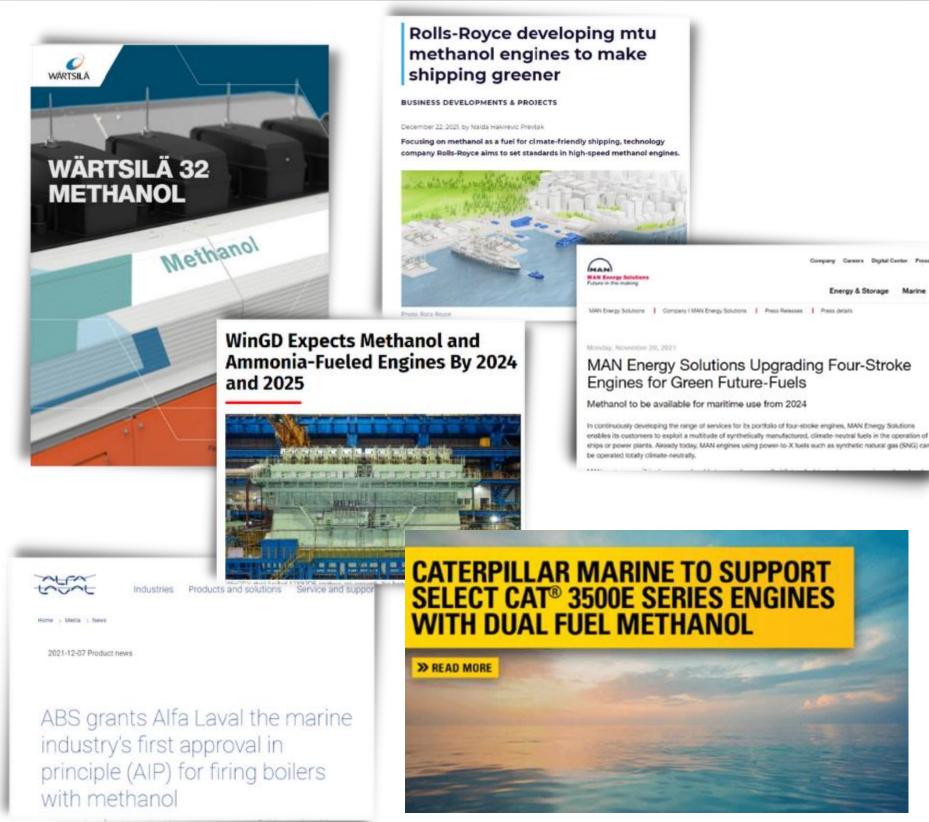


Engines Available and More Coming





Since 2016, MAN has received orders for 72 large, two-stroke methanol engines, with 19 already in operation in chemical tankers operated by MI members. Many more orders on the way!!!











On the Water and On the Way





















Methanol Fuelled Vessels on the Water and on the Way __

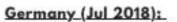
To learn more about each project, click on the project title.

Sweden (2015):

One of the world's largest ropax ferries - Stena Germanica - has been operating on methanol fuel since 2015.

Canada (2016-2019):

Methanex Waterfront Shipping and their partner vessel operators - Mitsui OSK Lines, Westfal-Larsen, Marinvest, IINO, and NYK Group - began operating a fleet of 11 50,000 dwt chemical tankers with dual-fuel methanol engines.



Shipowner SAL Heavy Lift to install FUELSAVE hydrogen/methanol injection system in 6 vessels

Germany (Mar 2019):

Abeking & Rasmussen shipyard designing "green cruise" concept vessel using methanol fuel cells for hotel load and methanol propulsion engines

Netherlands (Jan 2020):

Damen Shipyards has developed a new concept Offshore Support Vessel (OSV) to operate on methanol

Germany (Jan 2020):

Shipowner Liberty One has ordered a new multipurpose (MPP) ship powered by methanol



Mi@methanol.org | www.methanol.org

















































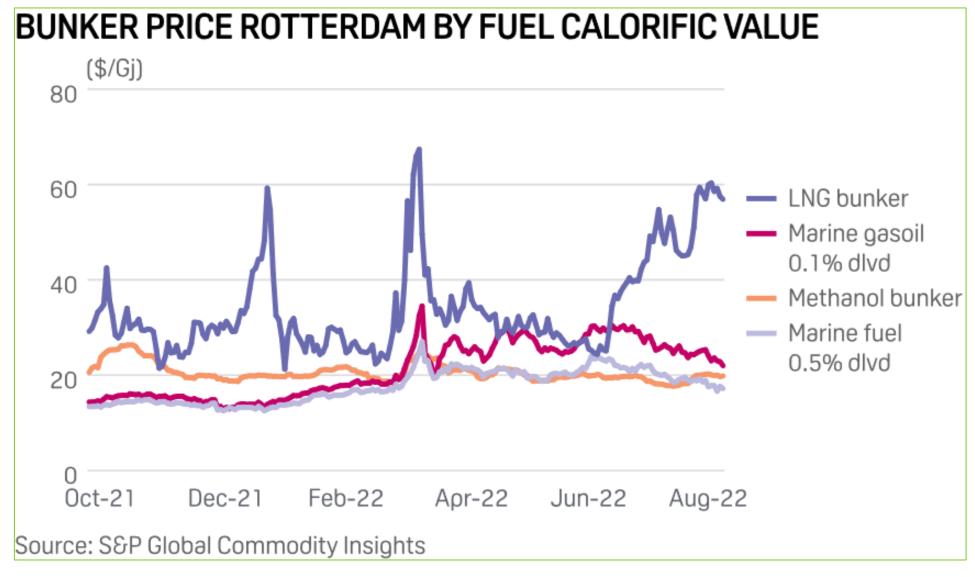
Available, Easily Bunkered, Affordable

















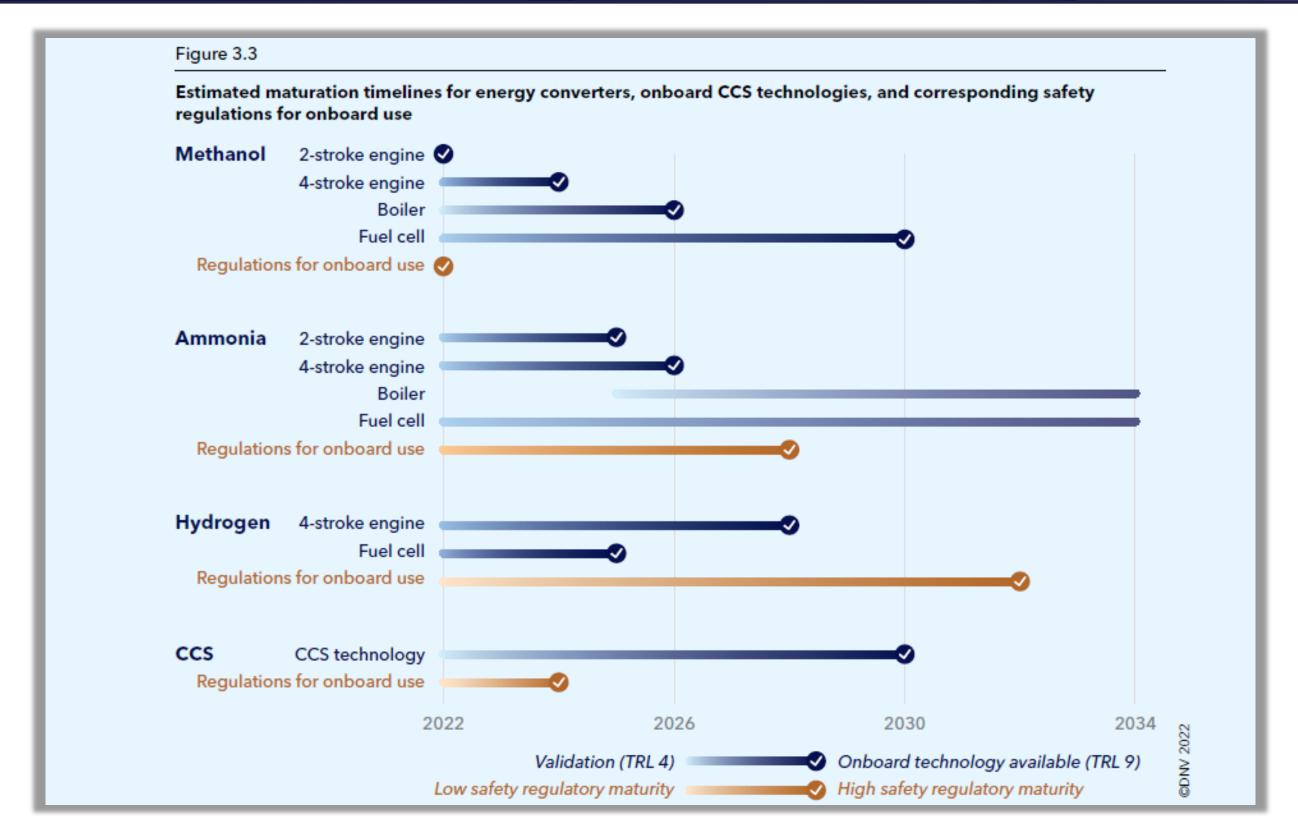






Technology Readiness





https://www.dnv.com/maritime/publications/maritime-forecast-2022/index.html





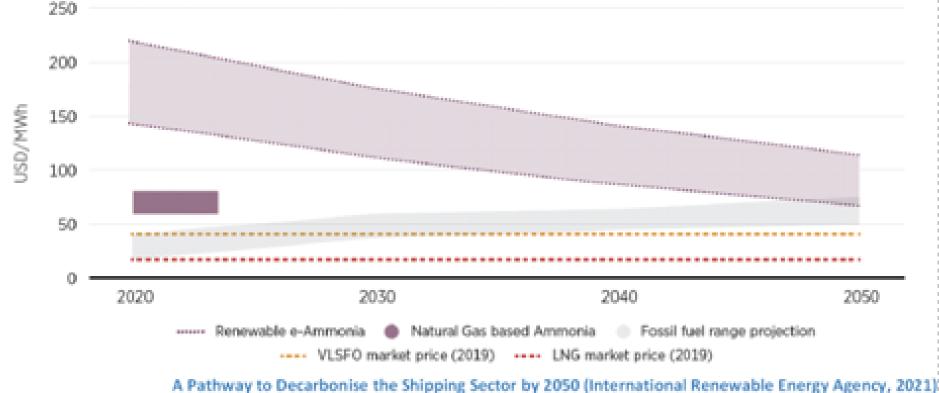


Projections – Methanol vs Ammonia

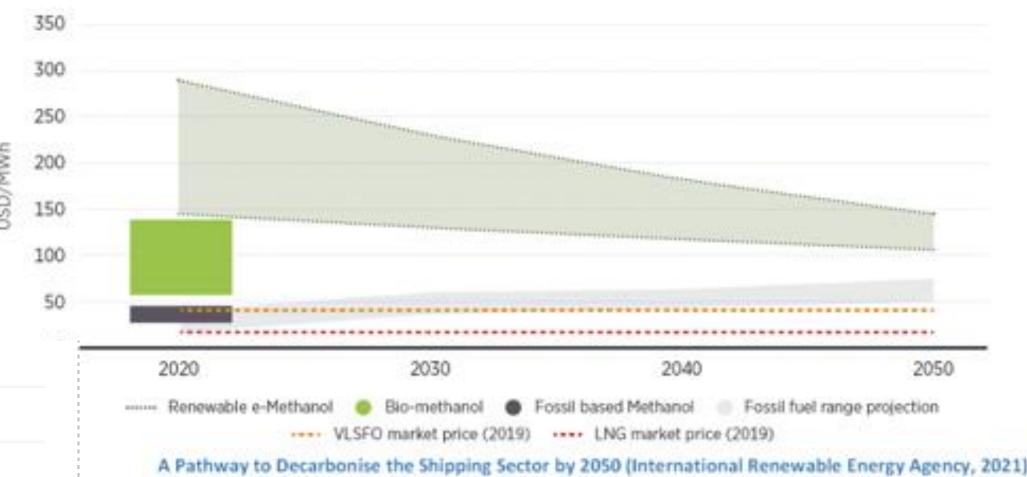


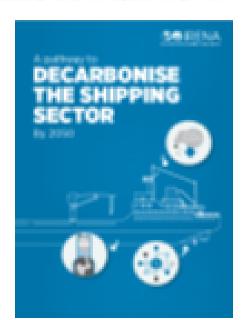
- IRENA "Decarbonise the Shipping Sector"
- Short-term, advanced biofuels play key role
- Medium and long-term e-methanol and eammonia more promising green hydrogen-based fuels
- By 2050, shipping uses 38 million tonnes of renewable methanol and 183 million tonnes of renewable ammonia

Ammonia cost projections



Methanol cost projections











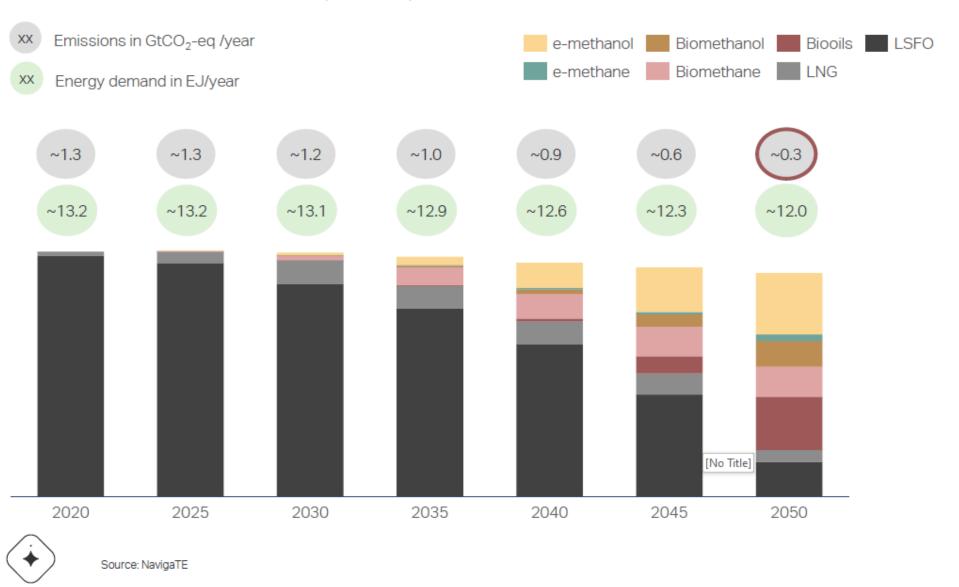


What if ammonia not accepted?



Additionally, <u>if</u> ammonia is not accepted as a safe marine fuel, then other fuel options would drive the transition

Alternative Scenario 3: All else equal except that ammonia is not classified as a safe marine fuel





If ammonia does not meet the safety standards for storage, handling and operations onboard, overall maritime emissions may well increase.

This would result in a fuel composition where almost half of the fuel mix is supported by biofuels and a third by e-fuels such as e-methanol and e-methane.

As previously argued, the Center does not consider any global maritime emission level above 0.1 GtCO₂-eq in 2050 qualifying as net zero emissions. Notably, the ~0.3 GtCO₂-eq/year emissions is not in line with the abatements needed to follow a Path to Zero. Further regulatory focus in the form of even higher emission levies than those discussed earlier and/or tighter energy efficiency regulation thus seems to be justified in a scenario where ammonia is not accepted as a safe marine fuel.



Page 40









Marine Spills Still Happen....



Methanol [5] 15,400 mg/l

- Methanol is a more environmentallybenign fuel in marine environments
- In a waterbody, nearly 200 times more methanol is needed to kill half the number of fish than marine heavy fuel oil

LC 50: Lethal Dose: Fish



Gasoline [1] Methane [2] 8,2 mg/l 49,9 mg/l



Diesel [3] 65 mg/l



Heavy Fuel Oil [4] 79 mg/l



Ammonia^[6] 0.068 mg/l

Sources:

- [1] Petrobras/Statoil ASA, Safety Data Sheet, ECHA registration dossier Gasoline
- [2] ECHA, European Chemicals Agency, registration dossier Methane
- [3] ECHA, European Chemical Agency, registration dossier Diesel
- [4] GKG/ A/S Dansk Shell, Safety Data Sheet
- [5] ECHA, European Chemical Agency, registration dossier Methanol

[6] ECHA, European Chemical Agency, registration dossier Ammonia







Contacts



Greg Dolan CEO

gdolan@methanol.org

Larry Navin

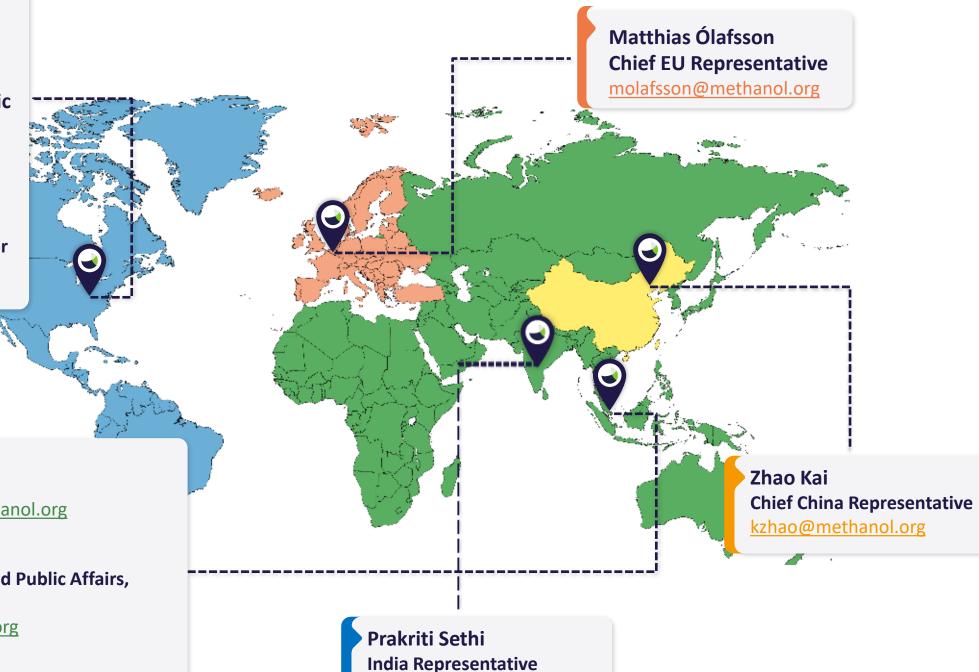
Director of Government and Public Affairs Americas / Europe Operations

Inavin@methanol.org

Nov Bajwa

Operations & Web Media Coordinator

nbajwa@methanol.org



psethi@methanol.org



Chris Chatterton COO

cchatterton@methanol.org

Tim Chan

Asst Dir of Govt and Public Affairs,

AP & ME

tchan@methanol.org

Belinda Pun

Executive Manager

bpunr@methanol.org





